An overview of the CSIR Health Research Impact Area

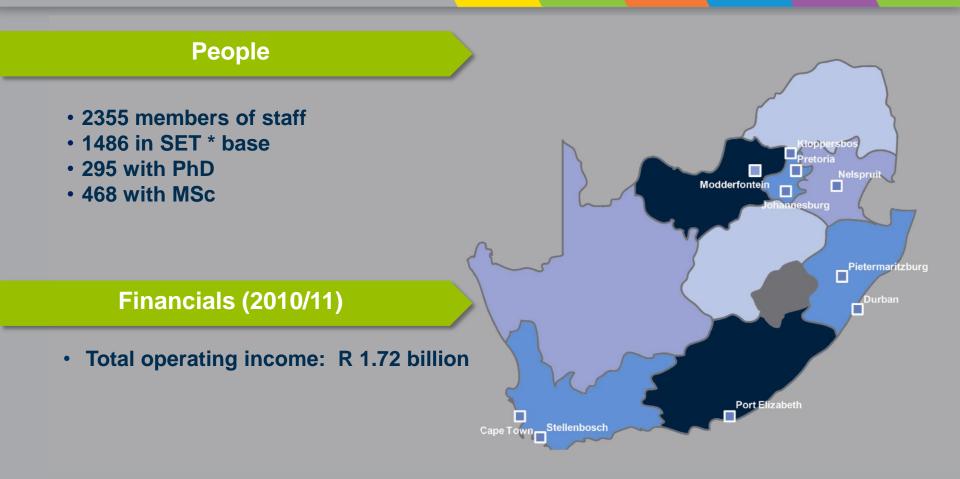
4th Biennial Conference

Presented by: Dr Dusty Gardiner

Date: 9 October 2012



CSIR: Some facts and figures



* SET: Science, engineering and technology



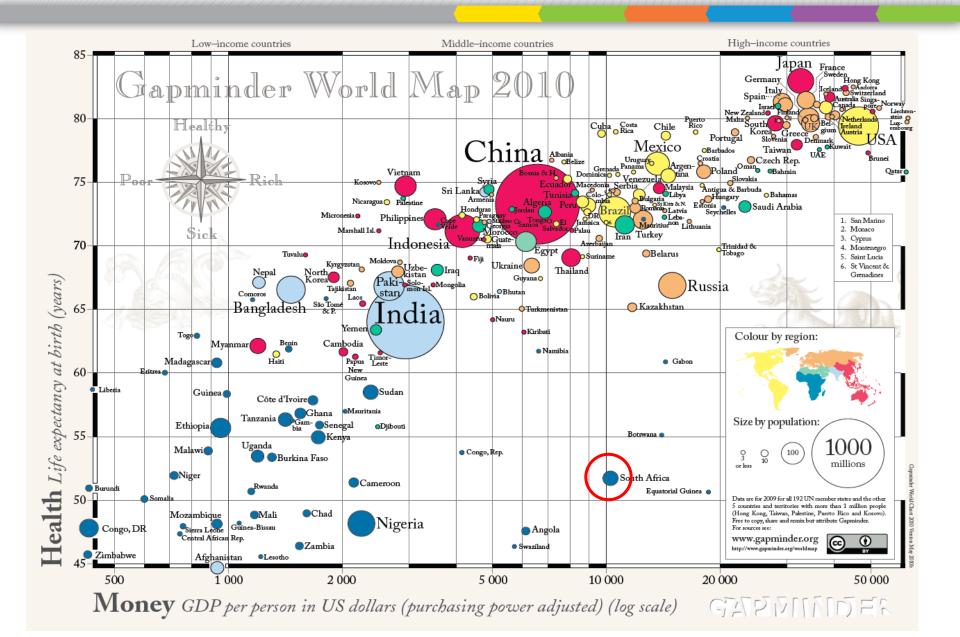
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CSIR Research Impact Areas



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Health Landscape and Challenges



CSIR response to health challenges: Burden of disease

Intervention Areas

CSIR Intervention

Diagnosis (Early, accurate detection of diseases of relevance to SA)	Point of care diagnostics
eHealth (Application of ICT platforms to support healthcare provision)	Communication platforms (preventative health), telemedicine, epidemiology
Affordable and Effective Cures (cost-effective, robust, validated solutions)	Novel therapeutics, health technologies, devices and delivery systems
Nutrition (Improved foods and supplements for general wellness and the prevention of specific conditions)	Nutritional fortification, food supplements, value-added traditional foods

CSIR response to health challenges: Service delivery

Health Care System Component

CSIR Intervention

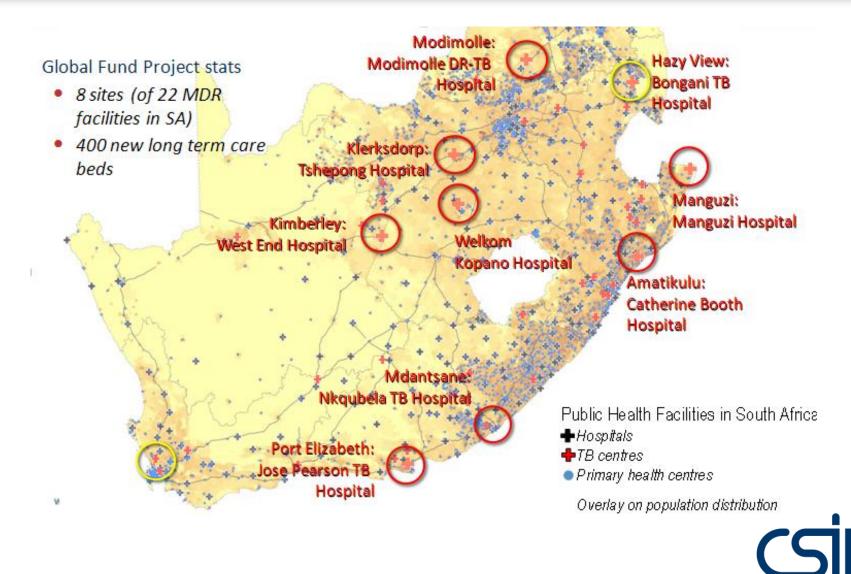
Health Care Delivery (Planning, coordinating, regulating, organizing, monitoring)	Logistics, health data and information, enterprise architecture
Health Care Providers (Public health system, practitioners, professional schools)	Patient records and files
Institutions (Hospitals, clinics, medical aid associations)	Logistics, infrastructure, patient files, therapy management
Society (Individuals and communities in need of prevention, diagnosis, treatment, rehabilitation)	Personal health information, access to health information

Selected examples of CSIR health interventions

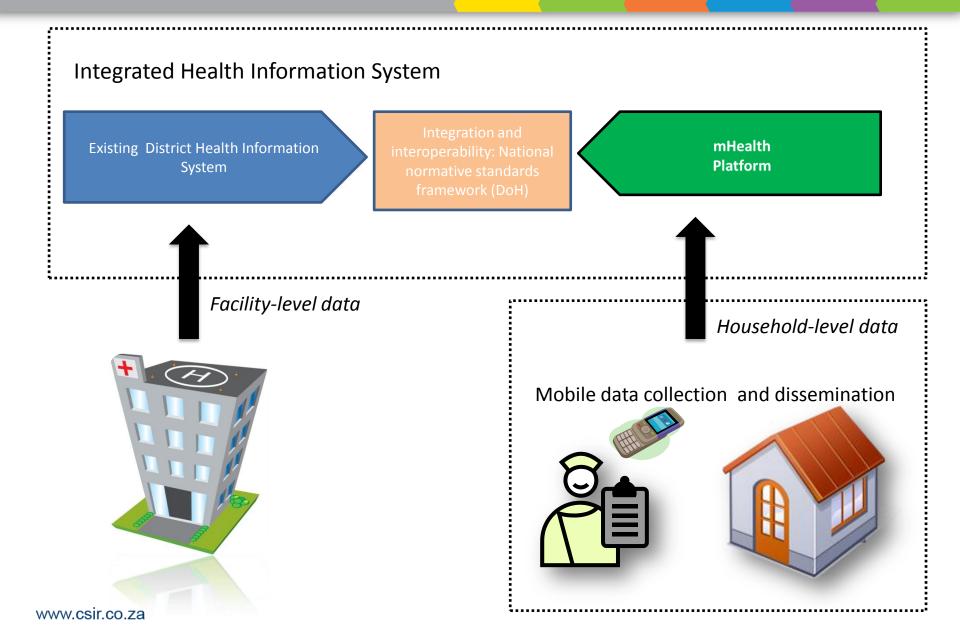


Infrastructure: DoH/Global Fund Drug Resistant TB Infrastructure

Project

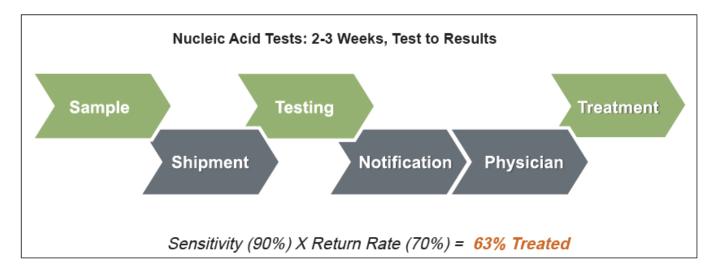


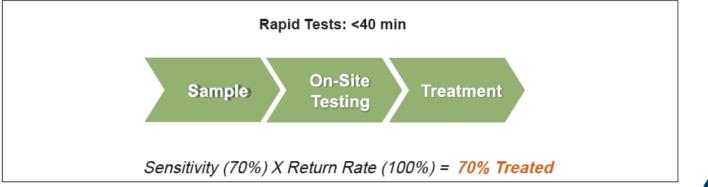
ICT and Health



Point of care diagnosis: Improved treatment efficiency

A rapid test performed at the point of care, even if less sensitive than a lab-based molecular test, can result in accurate diagnosis and treatment of more patients overall.





Bio Ventures for Global Health. 2010. The Diagnostics Innovation Map: Medical Diagnostics for the Unmet Needs of the Developing World.



Point of care diagnosis

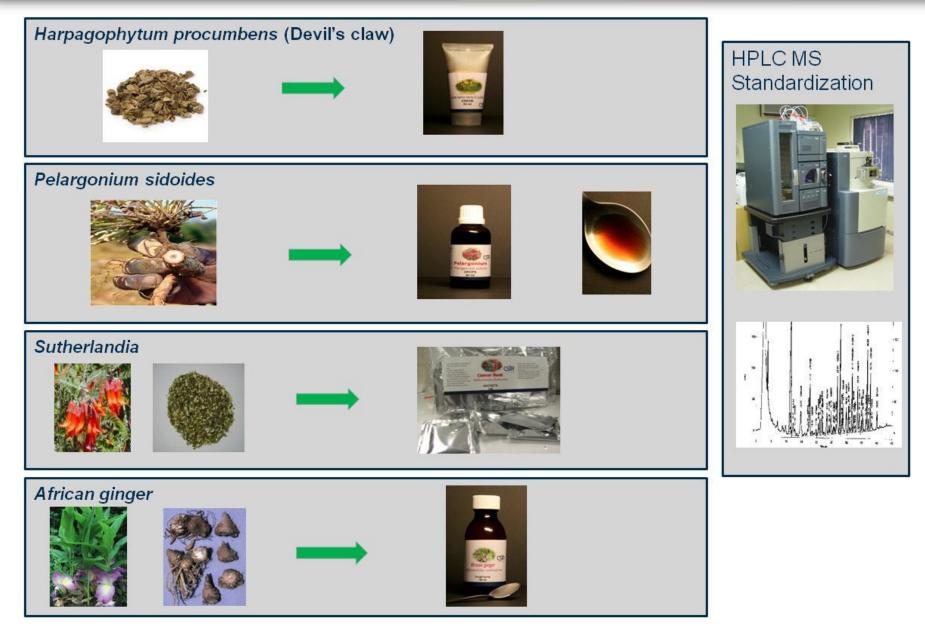




Umbiflow: foetal health assessment. Doppler ultrasound at the point of care. Tested in the clinical environment. Partners: MRC and W Cape Government; clinical validation. **Cellnostics**: blood count analysis. Lenseless microscopy at the point of care. Partner: NHLS; clinical validation



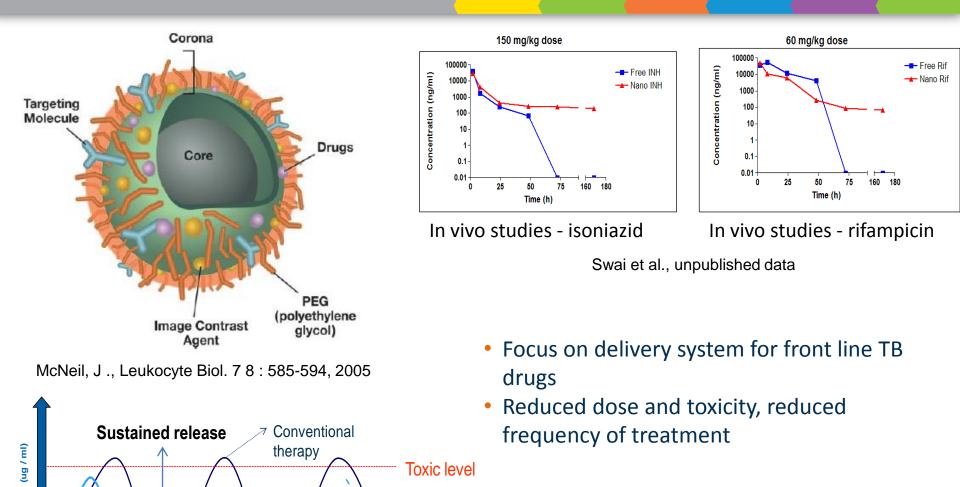
African traditional medicine: Standardised traditional medicine products; quality



Emerging health technologies



Nano medicine: Drug delivery



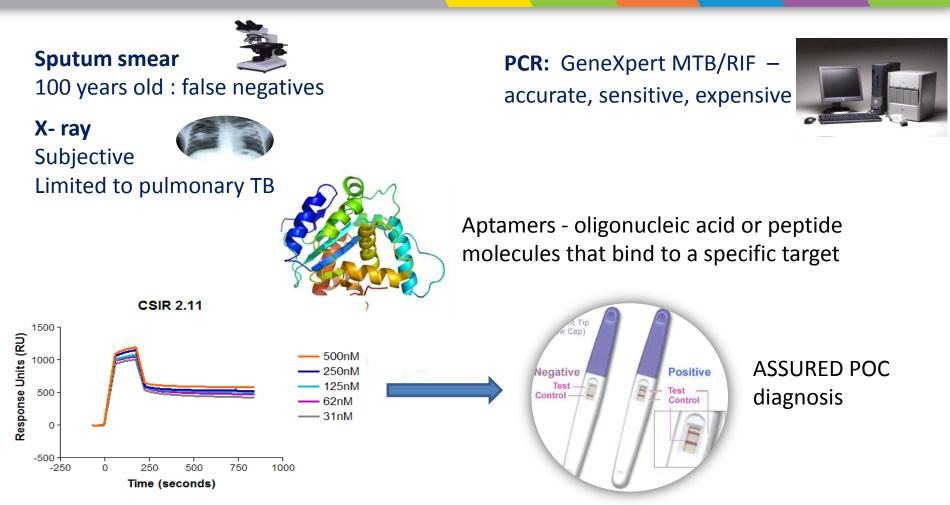


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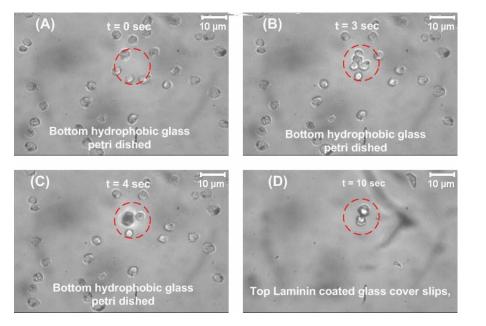
Aptamer technology: TB diagnosis



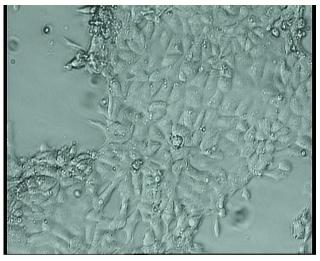
Aptamers bind to TB biomarkers with high affinity in sputum samples

Rotherham et al., 2012, PLoS One (In press)

Lasers: Optical cell sorting, transfection and differentiation



Optically differentiated stem cells



Optically sorting cancerous from healthy

cells P. Mthunzi et. al, IEEE, JSTQE 2010

Applications in tissue engineering, diagnostics and personalised medicine



The CSIR has deployed multi-disciplinary capabilities to provide solutions for key health challenges.

A balance is being maintained between delivering solutions for immediate health needs and building and deploying capabilities in emerging health technologies.



Thank you

Matthew Chetty - ICT Geoff Abbot - Infrastructure Peta de Jager - Infrastructure Jeremy Wallis - Diagnosis Riaan Coetzee - Diagnosis Dr Makobetsa Khati - Aptamers Dr Patience Mthunzi - Lasers Dr Hulda Swai – Nanomedicine Dr Vinesh Maharaj – Traditional Medicine Dr Rachel Chikwamba - Health RIA

